mental work necessary to establish the conclusions in reference to factors and adaptations remains to be done.

Under "Flora" (pp. 200), 1058 native and introduced species are enumerated, representing 435 genera and 101 families. Attention is called to the fact that the most striking feature of the flora is the large number of Gramineae, Leguminosae, and Compositae, and the almost complete absence of Coniferae, Orchidaceae, Ericaceae, and Gentianaceae. New species are described under Physocarpus (2) and Vernonia (9), and a synopsis of the latter genus appears in an appendix. Several appendices, an elaborate summary, and a very full index show a real consideration for the convenience of the reader.—J. M. C.

Irritability.—FITTING prepared, at the request of the editor of Ergebnisse der Physiologie in 1905 an essay entitled Das Vorkommen von Reizleitungsvorgängen bei den Pflanzen und die Methoden zu ihrem Nachweise, and in 1906 for the same work a second, Der Ablauf der Reizleitungsvorgänge bei den Pflanzen. These essays are synoptical in their character and include extensive references to the literature of the subject, with the intention that these summaries might be useful to other physiologists as a source of information and to plant physiologists might serve as a starting-point for further investigations. Inasmuch as the work in which they appeared has a rather limited circulation, especially among botanists, it seemed wise to the author to publish the two papers also as an independent physiological monograph; and in this form they do indeed make a small volume,3 which can be had at a low price and thus becomes readily available. This work puts the facts of the matter succinctly, discusses the theories of conduction critically though briefly, and therefore is likely to serve the very purpose which the author had in mind. The original separate publication has involved the retention of the bibliography in two lists, largely duplicates; but this is a small inconvenience in view of the larger service.-C. R. B.

German south-polar expedition.—Of the sumptuous quarto volumes reporting the results of this expedition in 1901-3, the seventh is devoted to botany. In the the first part, which has just been published, Hennings reports upon the Fungi, describing over 30 new species (2 plates); Zahlbruckner treats the lichens, among which he finds 17 new species and a new genus, Steinera (Lichenaceae), and takes occasion to describe more fully a number of little-known species (3 plates); Schiffner lists the liverworts (of which about 40 were previously known), describing 3 new species and a new form out of the 14 collected (1 plate); Brotherus found in the collections 61 mosses, of which 14 were new (3 plates); Schenck reports upon the vascular plants of each island, but finds no new species.

³ FITTING, HANS, Die Reizleitungsvorgänge bei den Pflanzen. Imp. 8vo. pp. xvi+157. figs. 15. Wiesbaden: J. F. Bergmann. 1907. M3.60.

⁴ Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901–1903, im Auftrage des Reichsamtes des Innern, herausgegeben von Erich von Drygalski, Leiter der Expedition. VIII Band, Botanik. Heft 1. 4to. pp. 176. pls. 19. figs. 25. Berlin: Georg Reimer. 1906. M40.